

Math 121 HW #5

Due: Mar. 30

Chapter 11.1

14. Use the definition of derivative to find

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^2 - x - 3)$$

and show your work.

Chapter 11.2

Differentiate the following functions

4. $f(x) = x^{21}$

6. $x^{5.3}$

9. $g(x) = 8w^7$

15. $f(x) = x + 3$

19. $g(p) = p^4 - 3p^3 - 1$

21. $x^3 - \sqrt{x}$

24. $V(r) = r^8 - 7r^6 + 3r^2 + 1$

35. $x^{3/4} + 2x^{5/3}$

36. $5x^3 - x^{-2/5}$

40. $y = 4x^{2/8}$

44. $f(x) = 100x^{-3} + 10x^{1/2}$

49.

$$g(x) = \frac{4}{3x^3}$$

55. $-9x^{1/3} + 5x^{-2/5}$

61. $y = x^2\sqrt{x}$

62. $f(x) = (2x^3)(4x^2)$

68. $f(x) = x^{3/5}(x^2 + 7x + 11)$

73.

$$w(x) = \frac{x^2 + x^3}{x^2}$$

74.

$$f(x) = \frac{7x^3 + x}{6\sqrt{x}}$$

Chapter 11.4

Differentiate the following functions, likely using the product or quotient rules.

11. $f(w) = (w^2 + 3w - 7)(2w^3 - 4)$

15. $F(p) = \frac{3}{2}(5\sqrt{p} - 2)(3p - 1)$

16. $f(x) = (\sqrt{x} + 5x - 2)(x^{1/3} - 3\sqrt{x})$

21.

$$y = \frac{5x}{x - 1}$$

28.

$$z = \frac{2x^2 + 5x - 2}{3x^2 + 5x + 3}$$

30.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 - x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 1}$$

33.

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x^{100} + 7}$$

40.

$$q(x) = 2x^3 + \frac{5x + 1}{3x - 5} - \frac{2}{x^3}$$

Chapter 12.1

Differentiate the following functions. Using the rules of logarithms effectively may make many of these problems easier.

1. $y = 4 \log x$

5. $y = \log(x^2)$

12. $y = x^2 \log x$

24. $y = 6 \log(x^{1/3})$

38. $y = x^{\log 2}$

Chapter 12.2

Differentiate the following functions. Using properties of exponentials will be necessary.

1. $y = 5e^x$

5. $y = e^{9-5x}$

9. $y = xe^x$

10. $y = 3x^4e^{-x}$

14.

$$y = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

16. $y = 2^x x^2$

17.

$$f(w) = e^{2w} w^2$$

24. $y = e^{2x}(x + 6)$

26. $y = e^{-x} \log x$

28. $y = \log(e^{4x+1})$