

# Math 121 HW #3

Due: Feb. 16

## Chapter 10.1

For these problems, find the indicated limits. It may be helpful to graph these at times.

9.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 16$$

10.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 2x$$

12.

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 1/3} 5t - 7$$

13.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} 3x^3 - 4x^2 + 2x - 3$$

14.

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow 9} \frac{4r - 3}{11}$$

18.

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{z^2 - 5z - 4}{z^2 + 1}$$

21.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^2 + 2x}{x + 2}$$

22.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x + 1}{x + 1}$$

23.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x - 2}$$

25.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x - 3}$$

28.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 - 2x}{x}$$

34.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + 2)^2 - 4}{x}$$

## Chapter 10.2

For these problems, find the indicated limits, or say that one does not exist.

3.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} x - 2$$

4.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} 1 - x^2$$

5.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 5x^4$$

7.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{6x}{x^4}$$

8.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{7}{x - 1}$$

12.

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 5^-} \sqrt{5 - h}$$

13.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{-3}{x + 2}$$

16.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} x\sqrt{x^2 - 4}$$

19.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

21.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x + 8}{x - 3}$$

22.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x - 4}{3 - 2x}$$

24.

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \frac{r^3}{r^1 + 1}$$

26.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x}{3x^7 - x^3 + 4}$$

29.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 - 4x - 2x^3}{5x^3 - 8x + 1}$$

37.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} \frac{5x^2 + 14x - 3}{x^2 + 3x}$$

41.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x-1} \right)$$

42.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} -\frac{x^5 + 2x^3 - 1}{x^5 - 4x^2}$$

45.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5}{x + x^2}$$

52.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left| \frac{1}{x} \right|$$

61. The population of a certain small city  $t$  years from now is predicted to be

$$N = 50000 - \frac{2000}{t+1}$$

. Find the population in the long run; that is, find  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} N$ .