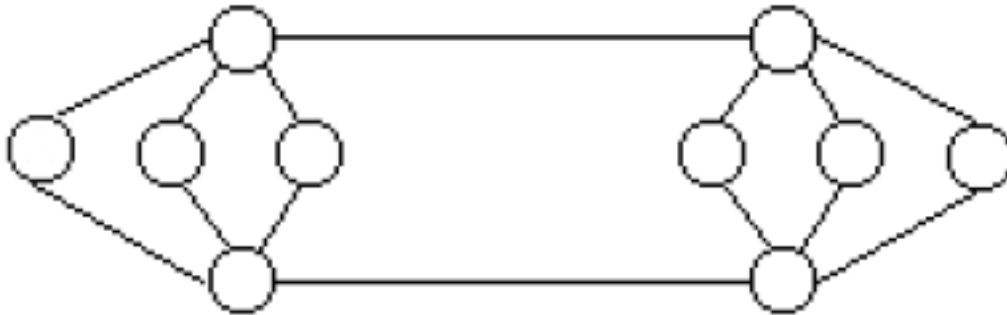


**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, September 11, 2009**

Choose 10 different numbers from  $\{0, 1, 2, \dots, 14\}$  and put them into the following circles. If there is an edge between two circles, then take the absolute value of their difference. Is it possible to have 14 different absolute values?



**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
You have to submit the solution by email, to [weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu](mailto:weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu)  
Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition.

**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, September 18, 2009**

Let  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  be  $n$  positive numbers, such that their product is equal to 1. Show that

$$(1 + a_1)(1 + a_2) \dots (1 + a_n) \geq 2^n .$$

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>

You have to submit the solution by email, to [weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu](mailto:weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu)

Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition.

**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

Illinois Institute of Technology  
Department of Applied Mathematics and IIT SIAM Student Chapter

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, September 25, 2009**

Suppose that  $n$  is natural number and  $2n^2$  is divisible by  $d$ . Prove that  $n^2 + d$  is not a perfect square.

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, October 2, 2009**

A set of alphabetical blocks has a single different letter of the alphabet on each of the six sides of each block. In all, the four blocks contain 24 letters of the alphabet. By arranging the blocks in various ways, you can spell all the following words. Can you figure out how the letters are arranged on the four blocks?

*BOWL, LYNX, DEAL*

*MICA, FUSE, NECK*

*GORE, RUNT, INCH*

*WHEY, JUMP, ZIPS*

**Remarks:**

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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, October 9, 2009**

Find the limit

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{4}{n^2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{9}{n^2}\right) \cdots \left(1 + \frac{n^2}{n^2}\right) \right]^{\frac{1}{n}}.$$

**Remarks:**

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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, October 16, 2009**

Assume that  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  are positive integers ( $n \geq 2$ ), such that  $a_1 < a_2 < \dots < a_n$  and  $\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{a_k} \leq 1$ . Prove that for any real number  $x$ , the following inequality holds true

$$\left( \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{a_k^2 + x^2} \right)^2 \leq \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{a_1(a_1 - 1) + x^2}.$$

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, October 23, 2009**

Four 1's and five 0's are written on a circle in no particular order. We perform the following operation with these numbers: between same numbers we write a 0, and between different numbers we write an 1; then all original numbers are erased. With obtained numbers we perform the same operation again. Prove that after several such operations it is impossible to get nine zeros.

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

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**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, October 30, 2009**

Solve the equation

$$x! + y! + z! = u!$$

in positive integers, where  $n!$  denotes the product of first  $n$  positive integers ( $n! := 1 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot n$ ).

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition

**Thank you for your participation**



**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, November 6, 2009**

Let  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  be positive real numbers that satisfy the following inequality

$$(a_1^2 + a_2^2 + \dots + a_n^2)^2 > (n-1)(a_1^4 + a_2^4 + \dots + a_n^4)$$

for some  $n \geq 3$ . Prove that any three of the numbers  $a_i$ 's are edges of some triangle.

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>

You have to submit the solution by email, to [weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu](mailto:weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu)

Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition.

**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

Illinois Institute of Technology  
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**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, November 13, 2009**

Solve the following equation

$$\cos 24x = 5 \sin 3x + 9 \tan^2 x + \cot^2 x.$$

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
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Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition.

**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, November 20, 2009**

Assume that  $x_0, \dots, x_n$  are some real non-negative numbers such that  $x_0 = 0$ , and  $\sum_{i=1}^n x_i = 1$ . Prove that

$$1 \leq \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{x_i}{\sqrt{1 + x_0 + x_1 + \dots + x_{i-1}} \sqrt{x_i + \dots + x_n}} < \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

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**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, January 29, 2010**

You have a wooden ball and a piece of paper (large enough). You are allowed to use a compass to draw on the ball and you can use a compass and a ruler to draw on the paper. Plot on the piece of paper a circle of radius equal to the radius of the ball.

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
You have to submit the solution by email, to [weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu](mailto:weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu)  
Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition.

**Thank you for your participation**  
**Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, January 29, 2010**

The four vertices of rectangle  $P_1, P_2, P_3$  and  $P_4$  lie on the edges of triangle  $ABC$ . Prove that among the four triangles  $\Delta P_1P_2P_3, \Delta P_1P_2P_4, \Delta P_1P_3P_4, \Delta P_2P_3P_4$ , at least one of them has a area less than  $1/4$  of the  $\Delta ABC$ 's.

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
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Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition.

**Thank you for your participation**  
**Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, February 12, 2010**

Prove that there exists a function  $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  such that

$$f(f(n)) = n^2, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
You have to submit the solution by email, to [weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu](mailto:weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu)  
Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition.

**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, February 13, 2009**

Four people A, B, C, D are walking in the desert. They have two 16oz bottles full of water, and only one 6oz cup (empty). How can they share the water so that everyone gets 8oz of water?

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>

You have to submit the solution by email, to [weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu](mailto:weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu)

Please feel free to tell to any undergraduate student about the competition and thank you for your collaboration.

**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

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**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, February 19, 2010**

You are given 81 weights with corresponding masses  $1^2, 2^2, \dots, 81^2$ . Divide these weights in three groups of equal mass, i.e. each group has the same combined weight.

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
You have to submit the solution by email, to [weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu](mailto:weeklyproblem@math.iit.edu)  
Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition.

**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**



**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, February 26, 2010**

Prove that inequality

$$|a_0 + a_1 \cos(x) + a_2 \cos(2x) + \dots + a_{2n+1} \cos((2n+1)x)| \geq |a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_{2n+1}|$$

has a real solution in  $x$  for any given reals  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{2n+1}$ .

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>

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Please feel free to tell any IIT undergraduate student about the competition.

**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, March 19, 2010**

Find all functions  $f : \mathbb{Z}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  that satisfy the following identity

$$f(n + m) + f(n - m) = f(3n), \quad n, m \in \mathbb{Z}^+, n \geq m.$$

note:  $\mathbb{Z}^+ := \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots\}$

**Remarks:**

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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

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**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, March 26, 2010**

Is it possible to place on the real line three intervals of even length such that the intersection of any two of them is of odd length?

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>  
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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, April 2, 2010**

Assume that  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are real numbers that satisfy the following relations

$$\cos(\alpha) = \beta, \quad \cos(\beta) = \alpha .$$

Prove that  $\alpha = \beta$ .

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>

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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**

**Weekly Problem Competition**

**Friday, April 9, 2010**

The following numbers are written on the blackboard

$$1 \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{5} \quad \frac{1}{6} \quad \frac{1}{7} \quad \frac{1}{8}.$$

Before each of these numbers you put arbitrarily a plus or a minus sign. Prove that the obtained algebraic sum is different from zero.

**Remarks:**

The rules and results of the competition can be found at <http://www.math.iit.edu/~weeklyproblem>

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**Thank you for your participation  
Good Luck !**